

## 5.1.7

## Configure IP Addresses

Demo Id: MjMz-NS4xLjc%3D

You work as the IT administrator for a small corporate network. You need to configure the workstation in the Executive Office so it can connect to the local network and the internet. The workstation has two network interface cards. This will allow the workstation to connect to the local network (as shown in the **Exhibits**) and another small network, which is not yet built.

In this lab, your task is to complete the following:

- Configure the IP version 4 TCP/IP settings for the network connections using the settings in the table below.
- Use the Network and Sharing Center in Windows to confirm that the workstation is properly connected to the small network and the Internet.

TCP/IP Setting	Ethernet	Ethernet 2
Subnet	192.168.0.0/24	10.0.0.0/16
Host address	Use the <i>last</i> valid address on the subnet.	Use the <i>last</i> valid address on the subnet.
Default gateway address	Choose the appropriate address for the router as shown in the exhibits.	Do not configure a default gateway value.
DNS Server address	Use the address of an External DNS Server as shown in the exhibits.	Do not configure a DNS value.

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TCP/IP Setting	Ethernet	Ethernet 2
Subnet	192.168.0.0/24	10.0.0.0/16
Host address	Use the / <b>192.168.0.254</b>	Use the <i>last val</i> subnet. <b>10.0.255.254</b>
Default gateway address	Choose t exhibits.	Do not configur value.
DNS Server address	Use the address of an External DNS Server as shown in the exhibits.	Do not configure a DNS value.

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# CompTIA Network+ (Last Valid IP Example)

A network administrator is told to configure a new server and to use the last valid IP address on the subnet, 10.0.0.0/16.

Which IP address should be used?

A. 10.0.0.254

B. 10.0.255.254

C. 10.0.255.255

D. 10.255.255.255

## 5.8.6

# Troubleshoot IP Configuration 1

Demo Id: MjMz-NS44LjY%3D

You are a network technician for a small corporate network. The network is connected to the internet and uses DHCP for address assignment. The employees in the Support Office and Office 2 report that their workstations can communicate with some computers on the network, but not on the internet. You need to diagnose and fix the problem.

In this lab, your task is to complete the following:

- Use the following troubleshooting tools to diagnose the problem in the network:
  - The **ping**, **ipconfig**, or **tracert** command utility
  - The Network and Sharing Center in the Windows 10 or Windows Server 2016 operating system
  - The DHCP server console in the Windows Server 2016 operating system
- Fix the problem at the workstation, the DHCP server, or both as necessary.
- Use the troubleshooting tools to confirm the resolution of the problem.



To see the network diagram and the wiring schematics of the network, use **Exhibits**.

Start Lab

Last Score Report

## Scenario

You are a network technician for a small corporation. The network is down and users are unable to access the Internet. Support has confirmed that the problem is on the Internet Service Provider (ISP) side. You need to fix the problem.

In this scenario, the following steps are required:

- Use the Troubleshooting Tools to verify the problem.
- The DHCP server is not running on the Windows Server 2016 operating system.
- Fix the problem at the workstation, the DHCP server, or both as necessary.
- Use the troubleshooting tools to confirm the resolution of the problem.

To see the network diagram and the wiring schematics of the network, use Exhibits.

Enter `ipconfig /all` to check the Ethernet configuration. You should notice the line for the default gateway is now correctly configured as 192.168.0.5.

## Lab Report

Confirming the problem by verifying the scope of the problem, ping the computer in the Networking Closet (ISP) (pinging the computer in the Networking Closet fails).

Test the connection between the workstation and all other workstations in the network. The ping to all other workstations in the network succeeds, but the ping to the ISP fails. This confirms that there is not a physical connection to the Internet. The problem is most likely related to the IP configuration.

Open the command prompt and enter `ipconfig /all` to check the configuration. You should notice the following problems: The default gateway is incorrectly configured with 192.168.0.4. This is incorrect because the workstation can only communicate with hosts on the local network.

The DHCP server is configured to provide the default gateway address.

The DHCP server is 192.168.0.10. This is the correct DHCP server. The workstation has received addressing and default gateway information from the DHCP server. Therefore, the DHCP server has been configured correctly.

In the DHCP console, open the CorpDHCP guest server and reconfigure the settings for the DHCP scope as follows:

In the DHCP console, select **CORPSEVER**. Expand the window to view all DHCP scopes.

Click **CorpDHCP** and select **Connect**.

In the DHCP console, select **Tools > DHCP** to start the DHCP console.

Click **CorpDHCP**.

Click **IPv4**.

Click **Scope [192.168.0.1] Subnet1**.

Click **Scope Options**.

Click **003 Router**.

Click **Properties**.

In the default gateway address field, enter **192.168.0.5** and remove **192.168.0.4**. Click **OK** to apply the change.

- In the Support Office, open the command prompt and enter `ipconfig /renew`. This will request the new IP address information from the DHCP server and reconfigure the settings for the Ethernet connection.
- Enter `ipconfig /all` to check the Ethernet configuration. You should notice the line for the default gateway is now correctly configured as 192.168.0.5.
- Confirm the resolution of the problem by pinging the ISP. The ping to the ISP succeeds.
- In Office 2, repeat steps 5-7 to fix the problem for the second workstation.

Done



# CompTIA Network+ (Wrong Gateway Example)

A network technician receives a call from a user in the sales department stating that internet connectivity has been lost after receiving a new workstation. No other users in sales are reporting similar issues. The network technician is able to ping the machine from the accounting department's router but is not able to ping the machine from the IT network.

Which of the following is MOST likely the cause?

- A. Incorrect default gateway
- B. Duplicate IP address
- C. Misconfigured OSPF
- D. Improper VLAN assignment